

# 'ENGINEERING' CONSERVATION



## CAMPUS MLC NORTH SYDNEY

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## MLC, North Sydney



- Design by Bates, Smart & McCutcheon
- Australia's largest office building on completion in 1957
- Headquarters of Mutual Life and Citizens Assurance Company
- Design based on SOM's Lever House in New York.



- Steel frame with steel pan floors and reinforced concrete shear walls
  - Curtain walls of glass and anodized aluminium spandrels
  - Ends of each wing are clad in glazed terracotta tiles
  - Introduced major features such as curtain walls and articulated cores.
- 
- BSM designed similar buildings in Adelaide, Perth, Brisbane, Hobart and North Sydney for MLC between 1955 and 1958

# MLC Building, Adelaide, New York & Perth



- North Sydney Local Environmental Plan
- NSW State Heritage Inventory
- RAIA NSW Chapter – Register of 20th Century Buildings of Significance
- National Trust of Australia (NSW) - Register

## Problems developed over time...

- 1983 Thermographic survey
- 1987 Report
- 1990 Report + Minor repair works
- 1997 works
  - Installation of Helifix pins @ 1.2m centres
  - Replacement of spalled units with cementitious units
  - Works to aluminium curtain walls

# A HISTORY OF PROBLEMS

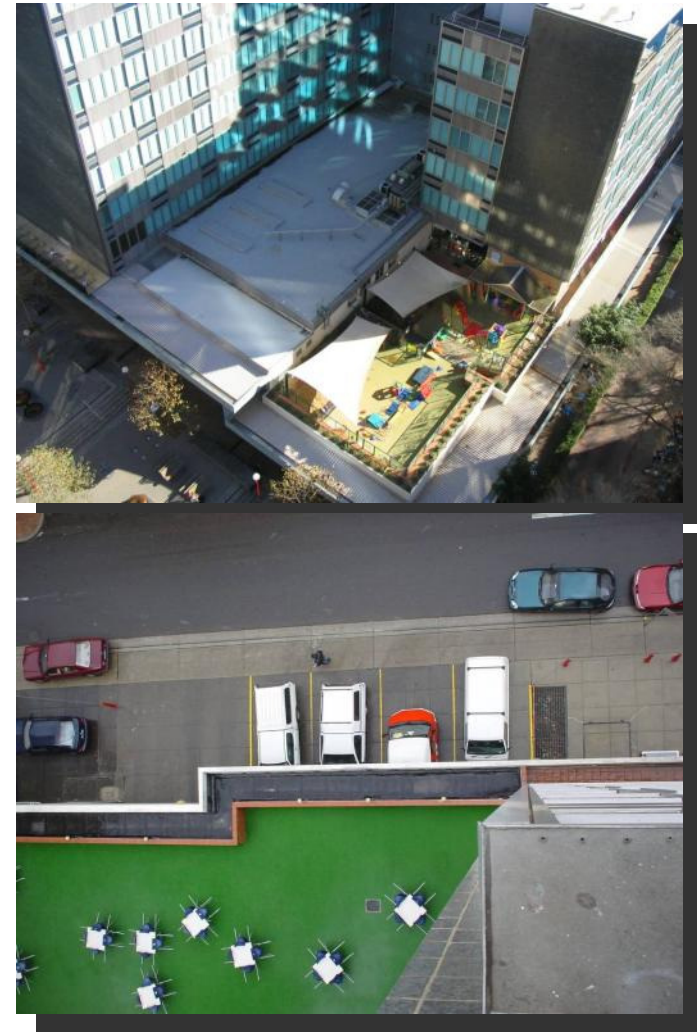


- Change of building owner = loss of records
- 2002 inspections by façade consultant
  - Extensive delamination recorded during rope access survey
- Recommendations:
  - Overclad
  - Dismantle and reconstruct
  - New facade



## Public Safety

- Childcare facility
- Outdoor seating
- Sidewalks
- Parking





## Tenant disruption

- Newly refurbished
- Call centres
- High profile tenancy
- Noise transmission through structure

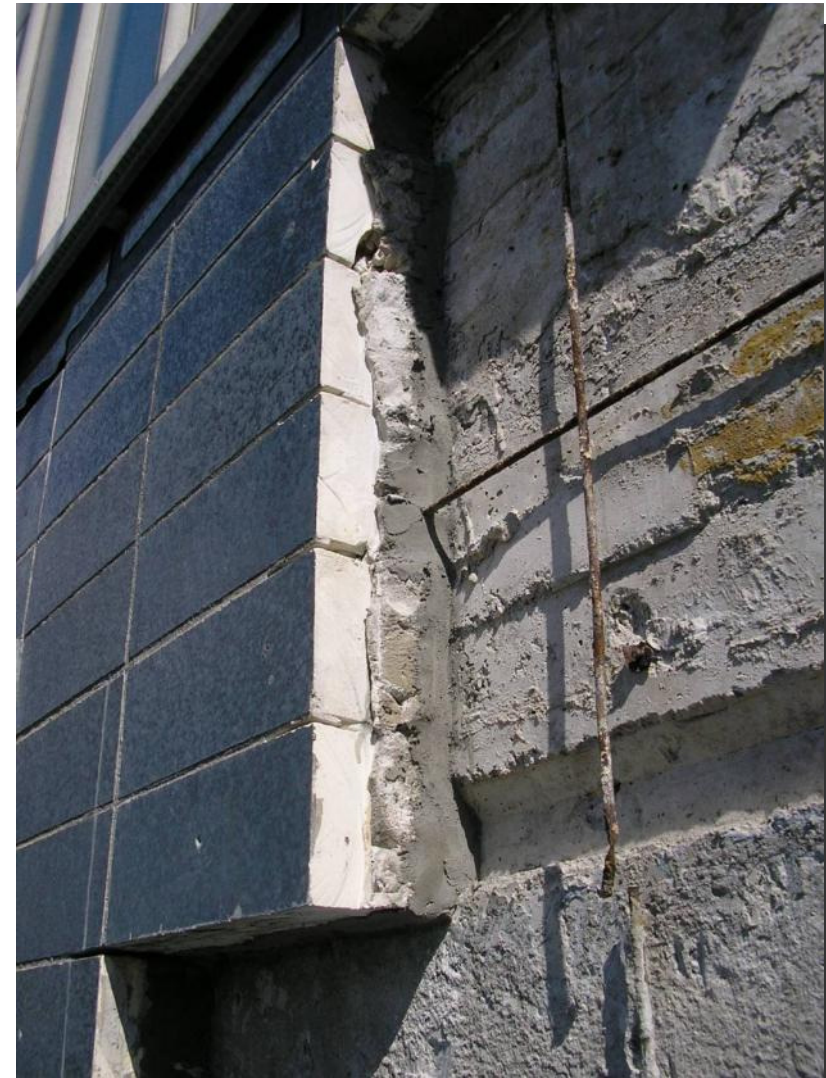


- Owner sought second opinion
  - Hyder, ICS, JTCW
- Diagnosing the problems
  - Determine construction details
  - Identify mechanisms responsible for deterioration
  - Look at options for conservation / repair

# Construction Details



- Glazed terracotta units with dovetail ribs
- Grout backfill
- Steel mesh reinforcing



## Deterioration – Shelf Angles

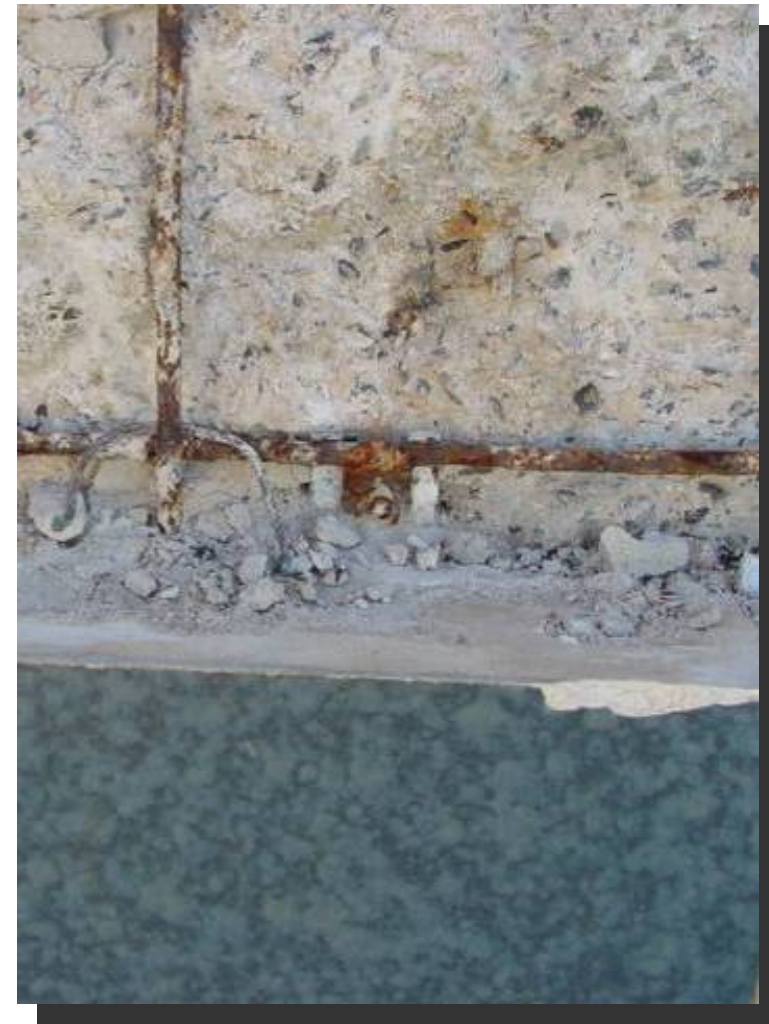


- Shelf angles corroding on leading edge





- Corrosion of mesh
- Corrosion of shot-fired fixing clips
- Reinforcing mesh corroded completely in places



## Deterioration – Detachment of Terracotta



- Extensive areas of drummy terracotta
- Opening up indicated debonding between mortar backfill and concrete
- Potential to detach in large sections





## Deterioration – Glaze

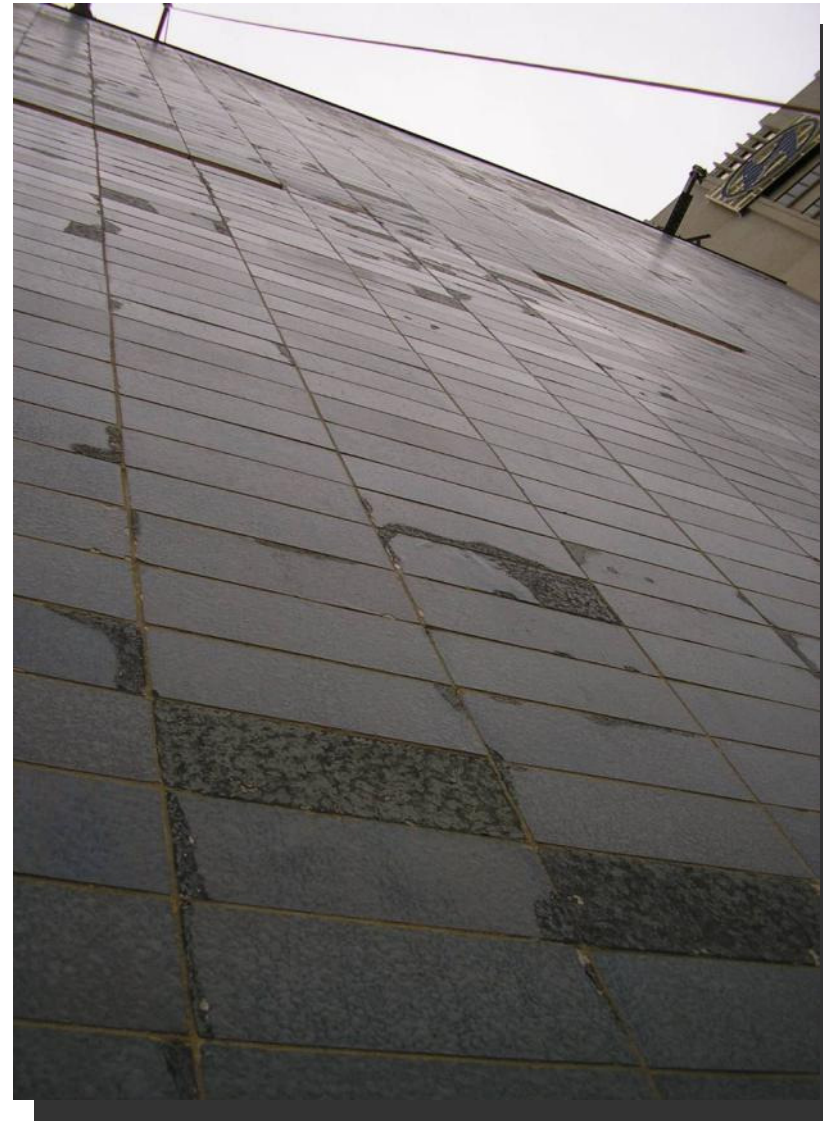
- Glaze crazing and spalling
- Movement / crystallisation of soluble salts



## Past Repairs – Lessons



- Cementitious replacement units - painted
- Patching and inpainting of glaze spalls



## Lateral Restraint

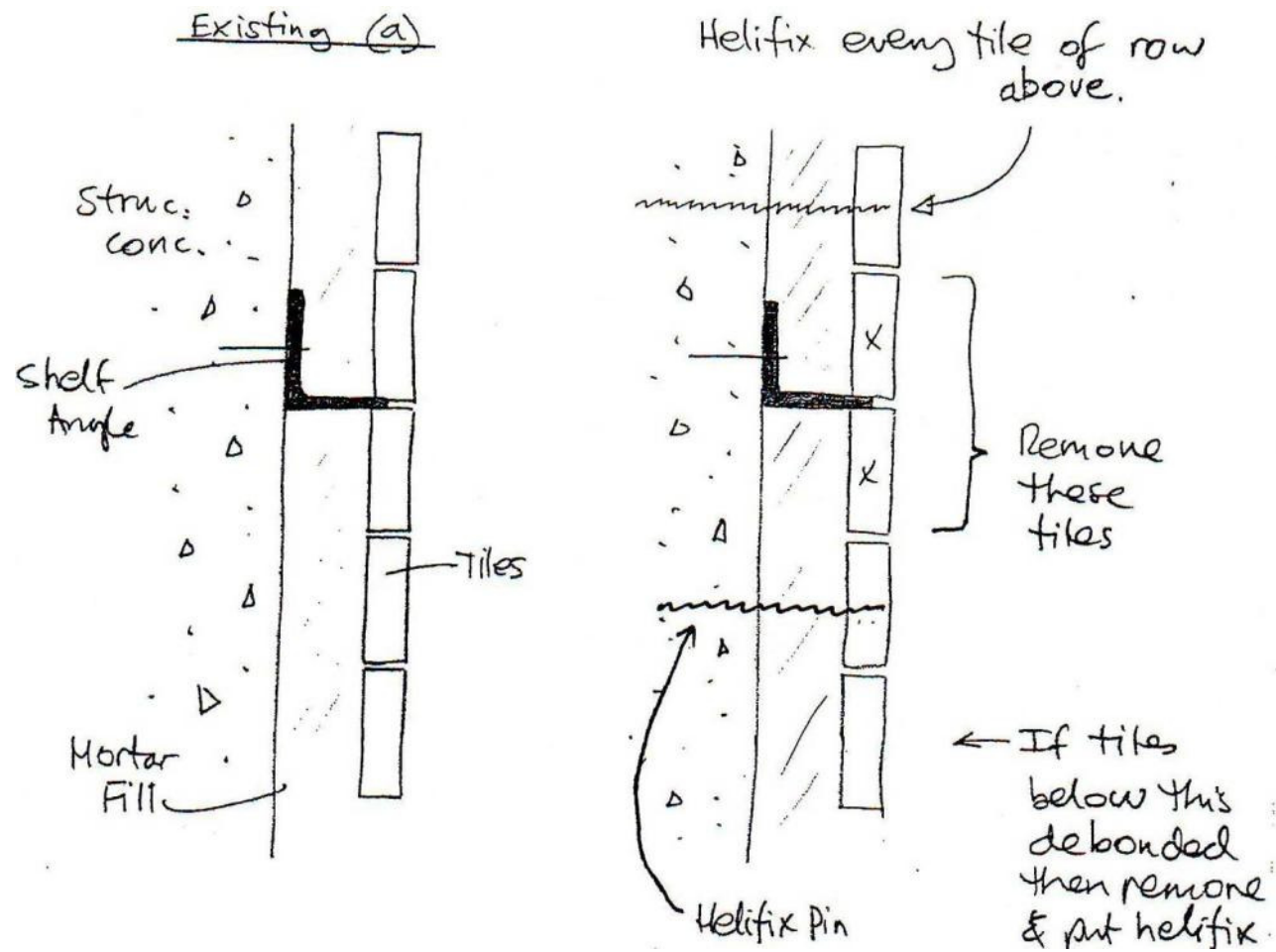
- Helifix ties @ 500mm centres

## Shelf Angles

- Cut out and replace with stainless steel
- Insert movement joints at shelf angle locations
- New shelf angles where required for dead load support



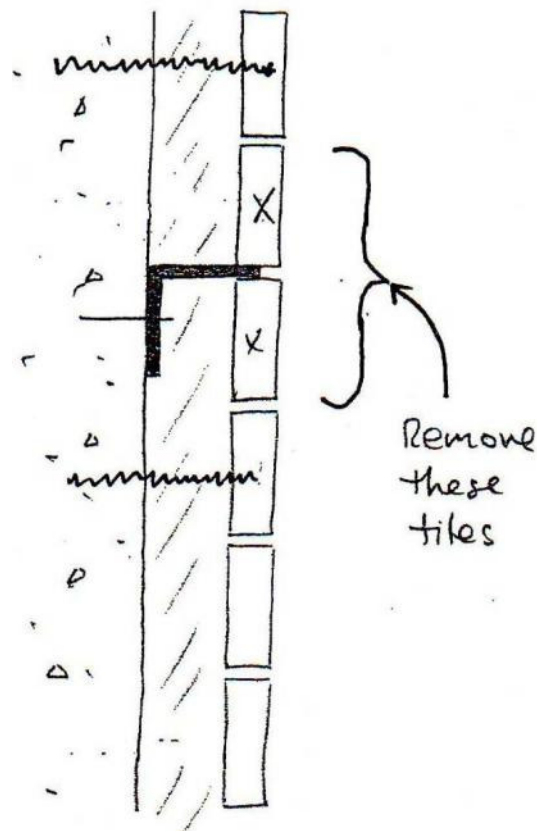
# Shelf Angles – Reconstruction



# Shelf Angles – Reconstruction



Existing (b)



upmost  
remaining  
row.  
(Even tile)

Step 1

Locate shelf angle  
& helitix every tile  
of row above &  
(forth) row below.

Step 2

Remove three  
rows of tiles as  
indicated in  
sketch's for  
each variation  
of shelf angle  
orientation.

### Terracotta Units

- Can we salvage and reuse?
  - Specialist manufacturer to produce matching replacement
  - Modify rib detail to suit face application rather than masonry construction



### Glaze spalling

- Address water ingress
- Replace units with >50% glaze spalled
- Patch and coat with proprietary products (Edison Coatings, USA)

## Feasibility and Trials

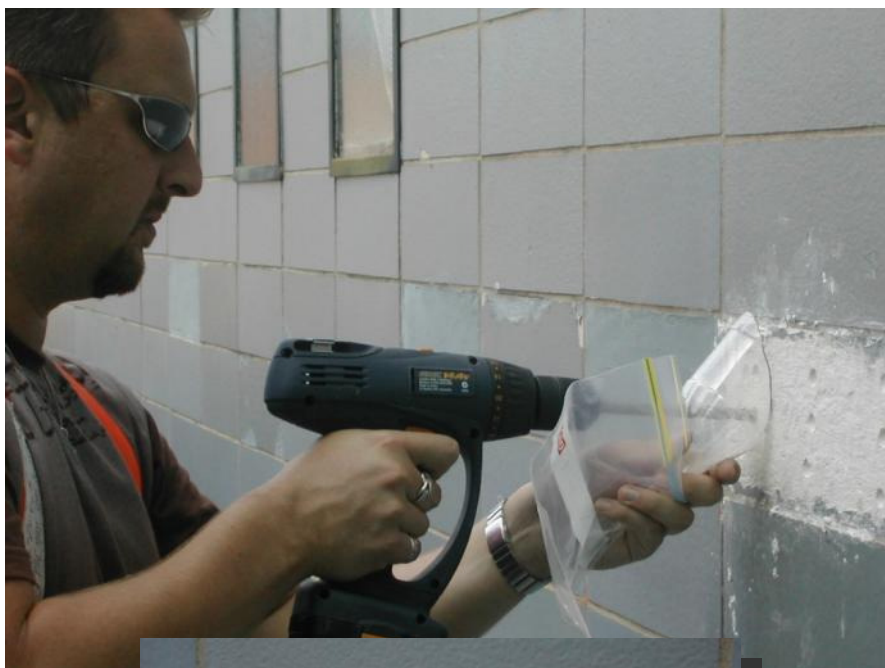


### Salvage of terracotta units

- Saw cut joints
  - Sacrifice first unit
  - Prise / lever out unit below
- ....little success!



# Feasibility and Trials



- Negotiated contract with GMP
  - Rates supplied for labour, materials, types of work, access
- Works timed to minimise tenant disruption
  - Environmental noise impact study
  - Cost-plus arrangement for delays
- Consultant brief for technical overview

- No comprehensive inspection prior to commencing works – Unknowns likely!
- Technical Specification
  - Combination of prescriptive and performance
- Access set up for ongoing inspection during works
  - Cooperative problem-solving



# Replacement Terracotta



## Colour assessment

- Initial samples sent to US for matching
- Glaze samples sent back for on-site assessment





# Replacement Terracotta



- 25mm thick body
- 5mm thick dovetail ribs
- Holes for mechanical fixing (not used)



# Replacement Terracotta



## Plain tiles

- Lighting affects colour match perceptions
- Individual tiles match, but variety difficult to reproduce



# WORK IN PROGRESS – Shelf Angles



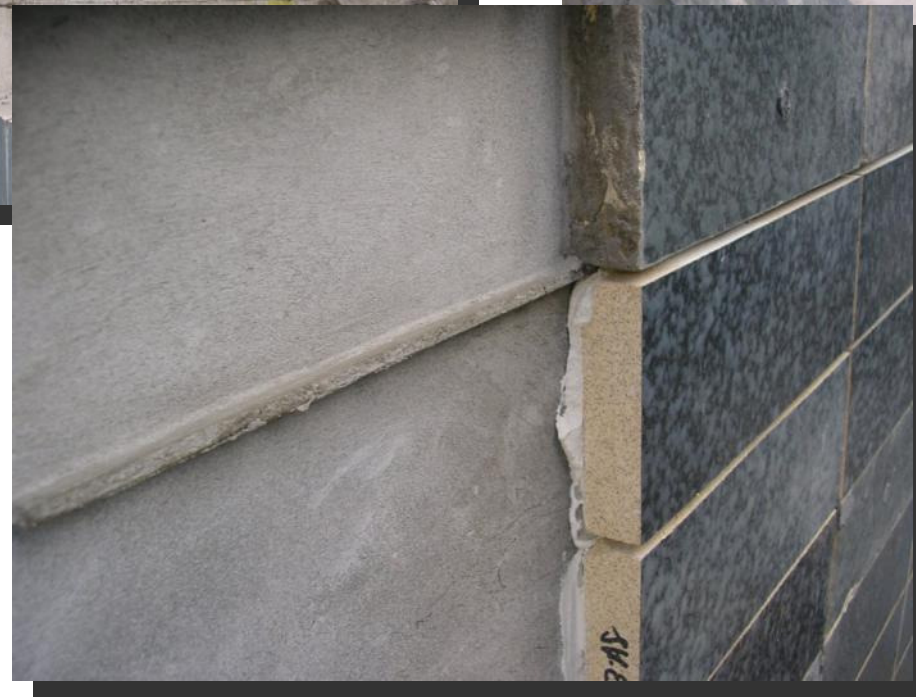
## Replacing Shelf Angles

- Remove 3 units at a time
- Install new shelf angles
- Remove other 3 units



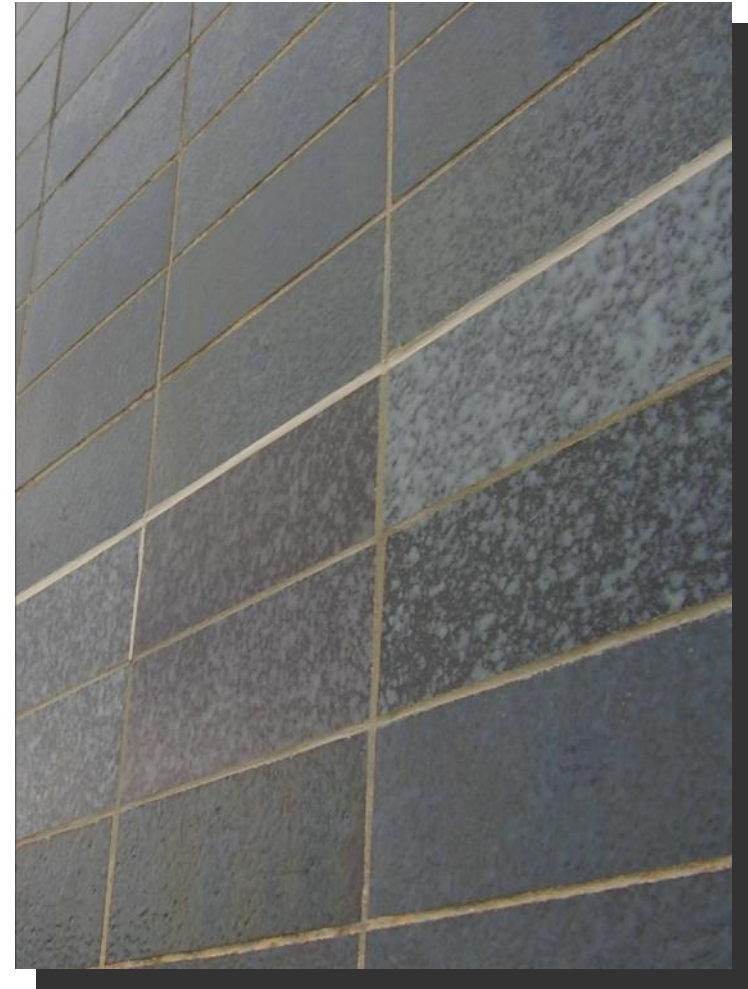


# WORK IN PROGRESS – Shelf Angles



## Shelf Angles

- New terracotta units
- Mortar pointing
- Sealant filled movement joint at shelf angle



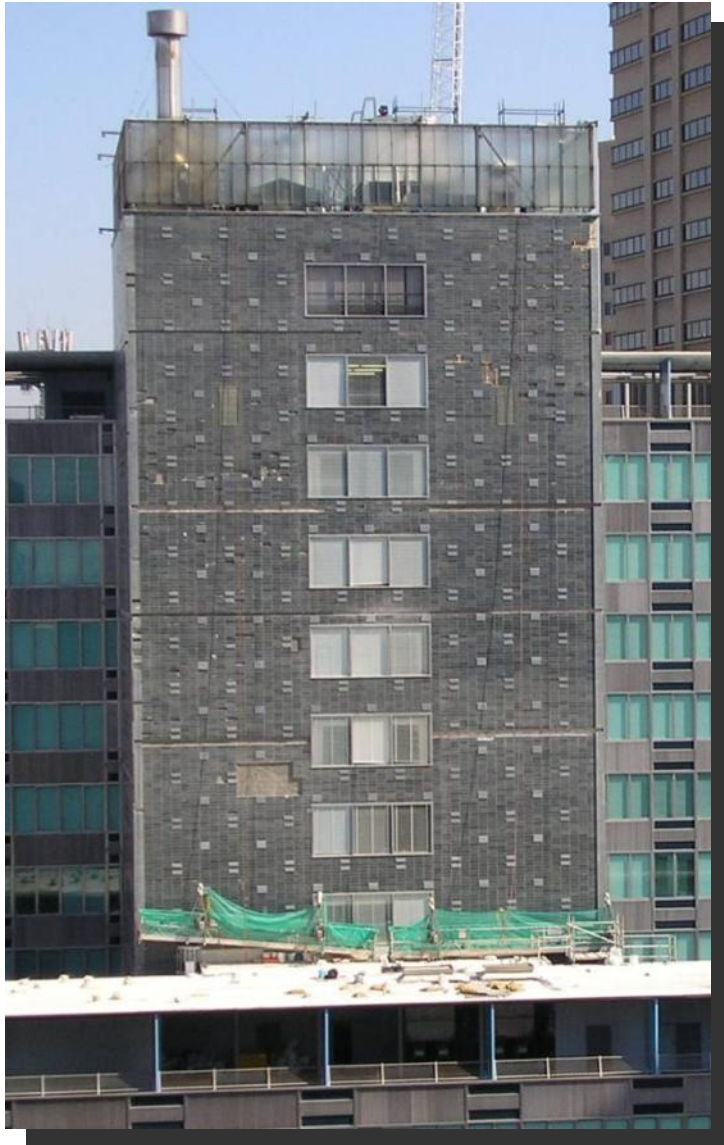
### Glaze spalling

- Grind back spalled surfaces
- Patch and coat with glaze replication products



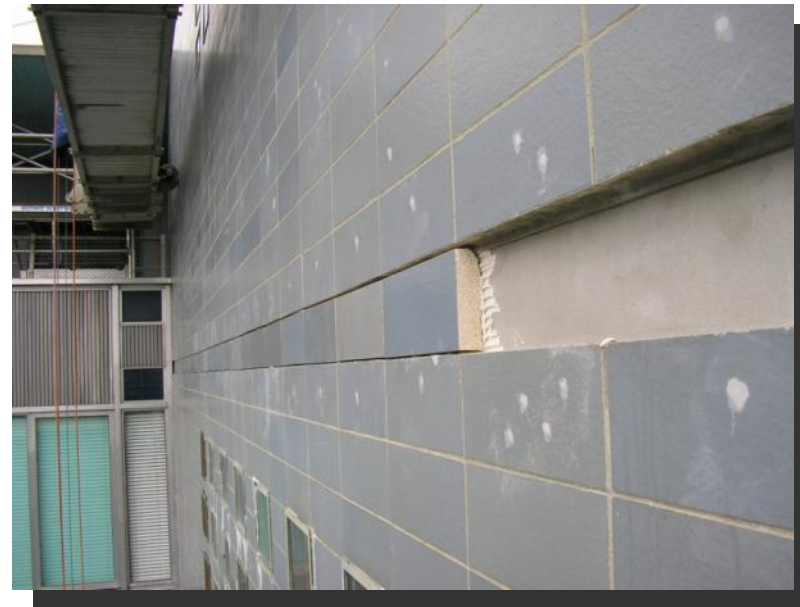


# SURPRISES – Shelf Angles

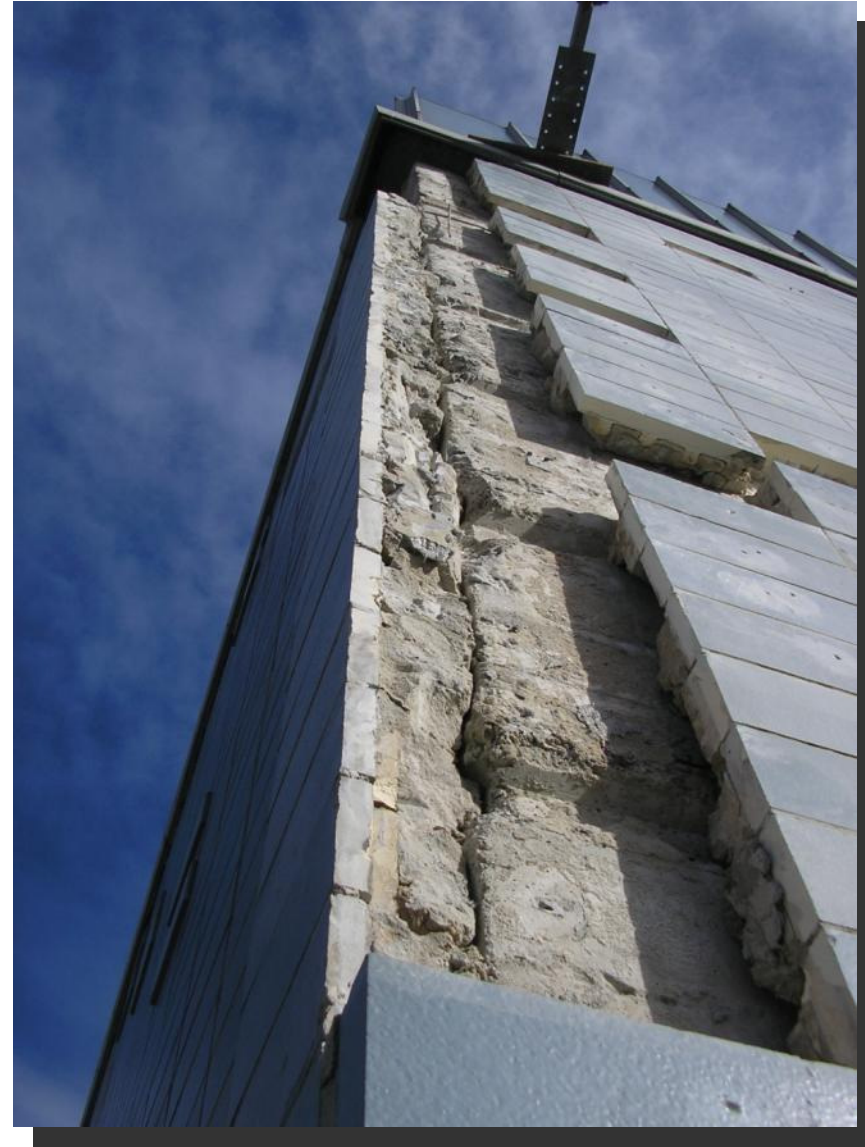


## Shelf angle spacing

- Pre-existing locations not regularly spaced
- New locations to limit stacking to 2 storeys

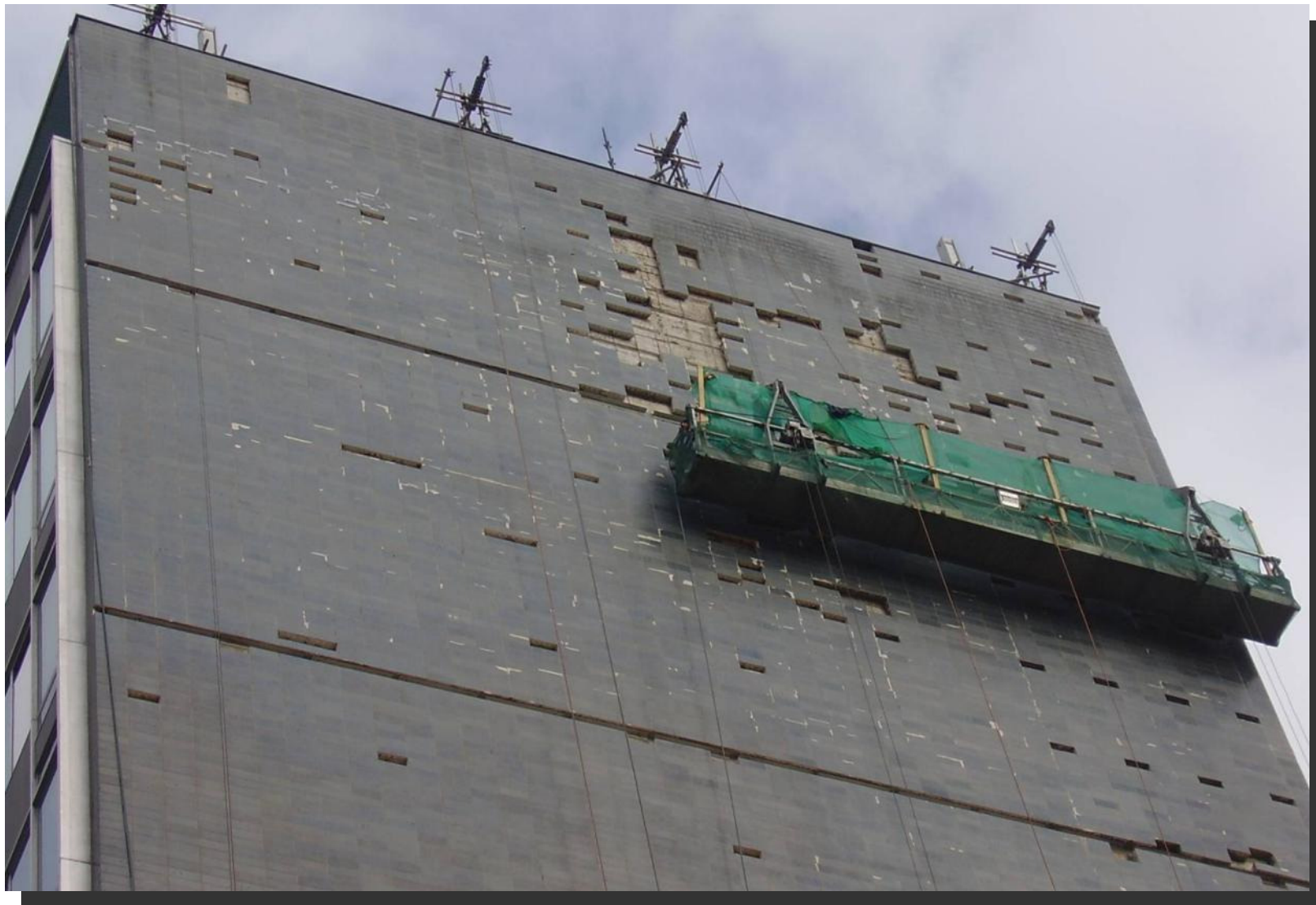


# SURPRISES – Corners





# SURPRISES – Voids

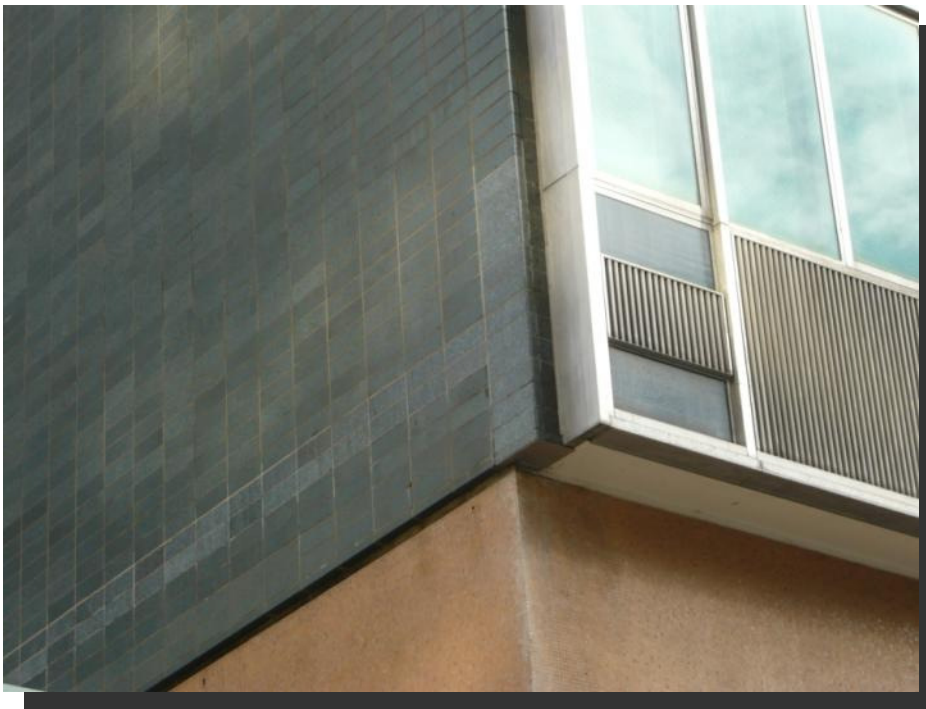


# COMPLETED WORKS



## Colour variation

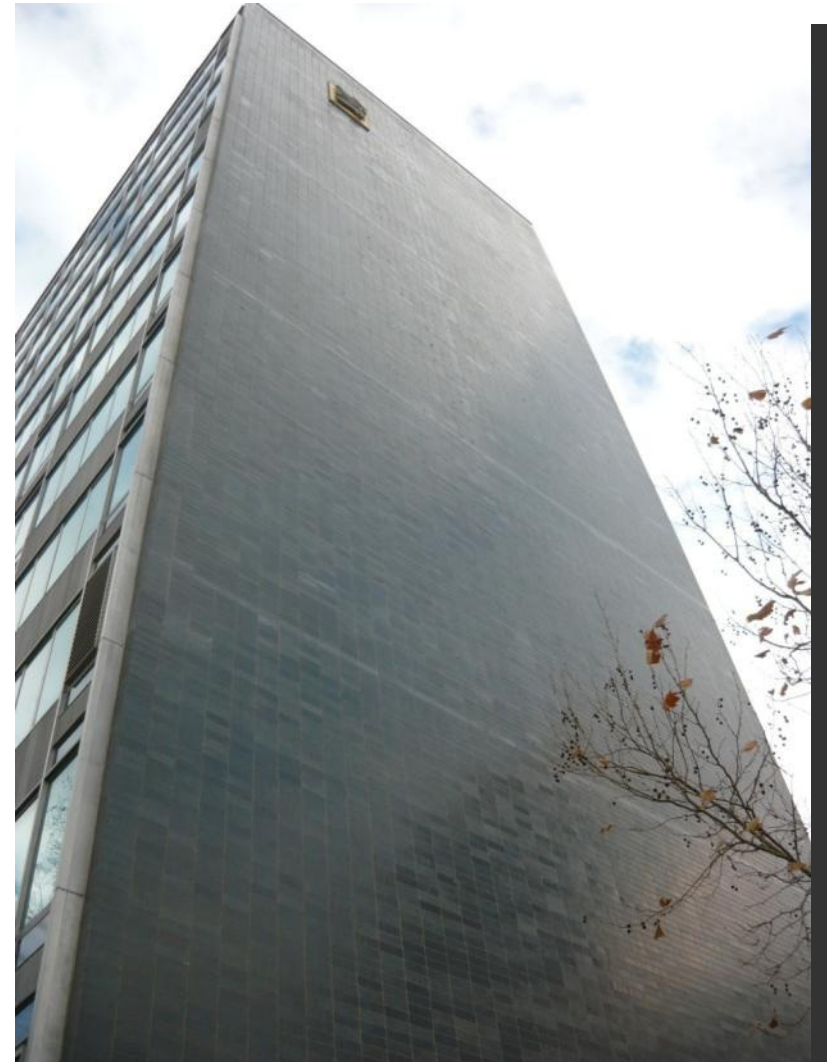
- Plain tiles greater than pulsachrome tiles
- Difficult to match variation



# COMPLETED WORKS



Colour match of glaze  
depends on lighting  
conditions





## Negotiated contract

- Positives:
  - Partnering approach
  - Great way to work – no disputes
  - Quality outcome
- Negatives:
  - Could it have been cheaper?

### Retention of historic fabric

- Original fabric and construction details retained
- Reconstruction identifiable upon close inspection
- Engineered solution based on fundamental behaviour of system
- Works to relieve stresses and improve restraint

## Glazed Terracotta

- Matching harder than anticipated

## Glaze Spalling

- Not fully resolved
- Patch / coat solution provides for min.15 yr performance (but more works required then)
- No simple solution to this problem

- Sympathetic repair of a heritage listed asset
- Owner's project objectives achieved
- 'Engineered' solution for long term stability and durability

Will require documentation to prevent future consultants misinterpreting past works

Owner:

ING Real Estate

Façade Engineer:

Hyder Consulting

Conservator:

International Conservation Services

Heritage Architect:

Jackson Teece

Contractor:

R M Watson

